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C. P. R. Time Table

NORTHBOUND		Arrive	Leave
No.	Time	a.m.	p.m.
No. 521 (daily)	12.40	4.40	
No. 523 (daily)	12.40	12.55	

SOUTHBOUND		Arrive	Leave
No.	Time	a.m.	p.m.
No. 522 (daily)	4.35	4.40	
No. 524 (daily)	3.00	3.15	

No. 529, from Kerrobert arrives daily except Sundays 2.30 p.m.

No. 530, leaves for Coramotion and Kerrobert daily except Sun. 12.25 p.m.

ALBERTA CENTRAL

No. 613, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays depart 3.35 p.m.

No. 614, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays arrives 12.15 p.m.

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Insurance is simply a promise to pay if you have a fire. Get the strongest company back of that promise. We represent a number of the oldest and strongest companies in the world who have stood unimpaired through every war, and who are paying every honest loss.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions in certain districts. Residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

"In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after clearing homestead patent and cultivate acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining his homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres, and erect a house worth \$200.00. Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm laborers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned truth in letters to the Department and have been honorably discharged receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agents' Office (but not sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unsubstantiated publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM PRISONER OF WAR IN SWITZERLAND

Miss Winnie Huskins, of 823, 17th Avenue, N.W., Calgary, sends the following letter, thinking it may interest our readers.

Miss Huskins returned from England a few days ago, after spending two years in Birmingham.

While there she was connected with the Lady Mayores of Birmingham's Prisoner of War Depot, and is the proud owner of a splendid badge given her for voluntary work connected with the society. The following letter was sent to her, knowing it would interest her. It was sent by a lieutenant to his mother, and explains the hardships which prisoners of war undergo at the hands of the merciless Hun. Miss Huskins had an uncle captured at the same time, and he is still a prisoner of war in Germany.

"Regina Hotel, Murren, Switzerland, 1st January 1918. My dearest mother: I am sure you will understand how disturbing have been the events of the last few weeks and forgive me not having written for a few days. I could not really write with my attention on anything, everything much too exciting, for to move in one quick bound from Hell to Heaven is a somewhat upsetting entertainment. I passed the communion here at Heidelberg all right, in fact, nearly all of those collected there did so, 90 out of 104, but 19 of them had lost legs and arms were left behind as they were supposed to go straight to England. Among those latter was W. B. Ellis, of the R.F.C., who had a bad wound in the leg, nephew of Mr. Fred Ellis, and a very excellent fellow with the same nice comfortable chuckle as his uncle. I gave him Ellis's address in London. Well, we got a good Christmas box on Christmas day by the receipt of orders to prepare to move at midnight on the next day, and you can be sure it did not take us long to pack our baggage, which passed through a severe examination, as we were not allowed to take any written matter with us at all, or any money other than German, which was handed to us on the frontier. We were never allowed to be in possession of money as prisoners, but used kind of paper checks, valueless outside the camp, for our small expenses. We were warned that any attempt to get written matter through would result in our being kept in Germany.

We marched out of the camp at Heidelberg in the snow at midnight, and started from the station there at 2 a.m. in a special train which already contained nearly 200 men from the men's camps, mostly old-timers, and a sorry looking lot we were. Reached Constance at 5 p.m. the next afternoon where we were actually given a meal fit to be eaten by the Kaiser, (no payment, of course), but this was already a great change to get anything at all. Left Constance at 7 p.m., and crossed the frontier, under the charge of Swiss officers, guards whom we had been handed over to, about ten minutes later. Now came the great change, for in those few minutes we appeared to be changed from criminals into human beings again: this being brought about by the Swiss, who, who stood out in the deep snow and darkness cheering our passing train. I need not tell you we responded to some effect, and from this time our journey was a triumphal progress. The first station over the frontier was Schaffhausen, and here the platform was crowded with kind people, who gave us coffee, chocolate, fruit, and flowers. All the feminine English came along with their shaking hands and giving us all kinds of nice things. This performance was repeated by the British colony at Zurich at midnight on a biting cold night. From there to Bern, we were met by British Ambassadors, Lord Newton, General Beilfield, etc., super of a kind unknown to us, speeches, etc., and waited on by all the fair ladies until 4 a.m. in the morning. Not knowing what we had in store for the next day, we could not understand what it was, and it left us all quite dazed.

At Bern we were divided up into parties for our various destinations. Six officers, including myself, and sixty men, came to Bern, and from there, in charge of a Swiss officer, up to Murren. As our little train rolled into Murren we were again greeted by the officers, their wives, and the men who were here, by a great waving of flags, "Welcome" banners across the street, ringing of bells, etc., and at last, some what tired and dazed after two nights without sleep at all, and all the excitement, we set down to lunch in our own hotel, having been shown our rooms which had real beds in them, and the thought of a real bed bath to come, both strangers to us for so long. And here we are at last, January 1st, 1918, after having spent for 1914, all 2015, 1916, and nearly all 1917 as prisoners of war in the land of a brutal and unchivalrous enemy, who treat their prisoners with the most brutal and unchivalrous treatment, and have succeeded in gaining the deadly hatred of all those who have been in their power. Naturally I have been able to tell you nothing of our treatment up to now, as any mention of the truth in letters to England meant that one was stung into an underground prison for a number of days, so it was hardly worth while, as the information never went, anyhow.

As for the camp at the beginning, was quite bearable, and Grefeld had a gentleman (a rare thing in Germany) as a commandant, but after that—the

ACUTE NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

All Treatments Fruitless Unless Utilized "FRUIT-A-LIVES"

MR. JAS. S. DELGATY.

R.R. No. 4, Gilbert Plains, Man.

"In the year 1910, I had Nervous Prostration in its worst form; was reduced in weight from 170 pounds to 115 pounds.

The doctors had no hope of my recovery, and every medicine I tried proved useless until a friend induced me to take "Fruit-A-Lives".

I began to mend almost at once; and after using this fruit medicine for 8 or 4 months, I was back to my normal state of health.

I never had such good health for twenty years as I have enjoyed the past six years. "We are never without a box of 'Fruit-A-Lives' in the house".

JAS. S. DELGATY.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

All dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-A-Lives Limited, Ottawa.

elugu.

From Heidelberg Hospital I was sent to Schwarmstadt in July. Here I was put to live in nothing better than a little shed divided into compartments. My compartment contained 13 other "cattle" and the space allowed was about half what is given to the ordinary British private in barracks, beds of wood shavings, old paper, one jump in the open, rain or fine, for washing, sanitary arrangements of the most primitive description. We made our own stoves and cooked our own food in the open, rain or fine. Washed our own clothes, stood for hours in queues to get possession of the food sent us from England and then every tin had to be opened and contents cut to pieces by the Germans. All food provided was nothing more than pig wash, in fact the Germans kept on what the British prisoners of war refuse to eat. We lived in shirt and trousers to save washing, and when taken out for a walk, we were armed, as a punishment, to collect and carry in wood for our cooking. Fortunately the weather there was fine, so we came through all right. From here I went in September to Holzminden, being told that we were the first 80 from Schwarmstadt, that would go to Holzminden. On arrival at Holzminden we found to our huge disappointment that "nothing was known of Holland," also that "we were out of the frying pan into the fire." The barracks were proper buildings here, but the walking space was small, and later on it got very cold, no fires of any kind were provided and we had to pay a big price to get even hot water.

Our first meal here consisted of standing in a line with dishes or plates in our hands, and as we passed up to our German flung some potatoes into your dish and another thrust his hand into a great cauldron, and do with a German again no matter who they are; they are branded as the lowest of the low. No savage tribe I have ever met could behave as they did for all those have taken notions of chivalry—the Germans have none and is simply a beast. Added to all this they can all be bought if they can find those who will pay.

Well I think I have grossed enough, but have for me to say more, except for those who are left behind.

I cannot thank you enough for the parcels you have sent me for the last three years, they arrived more regularly than any others and without them I should have been in a poor way as it is not exaggeration to say that the food provided by our noble captors was mostly unfit for human consumption and in quantity hardly enough to keep us alive.

I sent a wire to Jeanne from Bern, and have sent others from here, and hope to see her out soon, but can do nothing to help her. A Major Nutt who came with me wired at the same time to his wife, and we have suggested that they come out together.

I will write again soon to tell you of my life here. Please give my love to all and tell the children that I have not forgotten the usual Christmas boxes although I have not been able to send them yet, and that I will send them something in my next, also my very best thanks to Grace for all she has done for me whilst a prisoner of war.

I am told there is to be a special Cross given to the first seven divisions in the war up to some time in Nov. 1918, I shall tell you the right name that added to the war medal, will, I suppose, be my only decorations. We can't expect more, although we did our best and had all the hard luck.

There is a shortage of certain things here as in other countries, ration cards of bread, etc., and butter is very short.

A very little every other day, they seem to have enough milk. Will

when out for a walk on parole. This of course was a lie, and we told him so, and refused to give our parole any more until this calumny was withdrawn. It was not, so we got no more walks, but had to stay always in a place about big enough to swing a cat round.

I tell you these things to show you what it meant to us to get away from such a loathsome prison. I must say in all fairness to them that it is chiefly in the 10th Army command (German) where they are taking place. As soon as we reached Heidelberg to see the Swiss command we were much better treated, even though we had to live in huts out of doors in 10 degrees of frost. There were quite civil and polite and did what they could to help us. In the 10th Army command no British prisoner is sure of his life or reason, and this chiefly because the general in command has been beaten by the English. This will show you what kind of a sportsman the German is, one fears that some day the Englishmen will be driven too far and will forget to laugh, then there will be a lot of shooting. They are already so fond of the "unarmed Britisher behind barbed wire" that when we travel we have one armed sentry with loaded rifle and fixed bayonet to every two of us. They are ready to see the pleasant action of the Holzminden commandant when he found he couldn't get us down, he took away all our sheets and pillow covers, thus leaving us to sleep on a shabby paper sticking out, and a similar kind of pillow covered with grease of the last dirty German soldier that used it, to sleep on. He said this was a general order in prisoners' camps, but when we got to Heidelberg we found this was a lie as usual.

When I was taken prisoner in 1914 I was forced, in a very exhausted condition to carry a wounded German soldier on a shoulder stretcher, the bar of which hit into one's shoulder. When we tried to rest from the pain we were struck with rifle butts and forced to go on.

A little later I met a German officer (a social Kultur gentleman).

This gallant gentleman took me behind a house with an armed guard, and at the point of the bayonet, made me take off and hand over to him my brooches. He put mine on and gave me his filthy pair in their place, which I had to wear for two months in default of none! We were marched through the streets of Lille, kicked in the back and spat at by the British soldiers. We were everything stripped off us which they fought for like a lot of dogs, put into a train for two days and a night with one loaf of black bread between 13 of us. The British Crossed them at the station who gave the Germans food refused to give us anything—such is their charity!

I could go on telling you of the indignities that one has had to suffer from the Kultur gentleman for a long time, but I think this is enough to show you what kind of a people we are fighting against. The people themselves are only slaves, it is the rulers class of swagging, blustering, selfish Prussians who do it. We cannot stop this war till they are choking out their life's blood and I pray that I may again get the chance of getting my fingers into the throats of some of them. There are many British officers in Germany who have completely gone to pieces beyond all recall, and the men have been treated in many cases worse than we have. I am certain in the face of all this that we should continue to treat our prisoners as human beings and honorable men who have fought for their country, it will tell in our favor in the long run, but never as long as I live will I have anything to do with a German again no matter who they are; they are branded as the lowest of the low. No savage tribe I have ever met could behave as they did for all those have taken notions of chivalry—the Germans have none and is simply a beast. Added to all this they can all be bought if they can find those who will pay.

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CAPITAL PAID UP \$700,000—RESERVE FUND \$700,000
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NOTICE!

TO OWNERS OF FARM LANDS

Spring business is now on. We would like your listings of farm properties—improved or unimproved.

MUNRO & GEE

Estate and Insurance Agents
(Near Veterans' Club) Ross Street

SUCCESS Comes In Cans

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Many men will say they want to be successful; but they are not willing to "pay the price". What is the "price"? Save your money. Next to your knif-folks, money is the best friend you have on earth. Take good care of it. Spend less than your income each month, and put your savings in The Merchants Bank. \$1 opens an account.

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Sub-Agency at Penhold open Mondays and Thursdays.

RED CROSS WORK

Returned April 16th, 1918:

- Mrs. Reid—pair socks
- Mrs. Gilbert—pair socks
- Mrs. Heron—pair socks
- Mrs. M. Munro—3 pair socks
- Second St. South Circle—12 T and 6 many-tailed bandages, 12 P binders, 30 handkerchiefs
- Eastern Star—3 T bandages, 18 handkerchiefs, sleeveless sweater, scarf, 6 A socks
- Edna Hodgson—scarf
- Parkvale South—12 T and 6 many-tailed bandages, 12 P binders, shirt, W. C. T. U.—14 T and 6 many-tailed bandages, 3 handkerchiefs, 12 P binders
- Mrs. T. A. Gaetz—5 T bandages, Grade V—scarf
- Mrs. Archie Taylor—suit pyjamas
- Fifth St. N. Circle—35 T bandages, 25 P binders
- Mrs. Evans—suit pyjamas
- Highland Park—12 T and 6 many-tailed bandages, 12 stretcher caps, pair socks
- Mrs. Pollock—2 pair socks
- Mrs. W. Scott—pair socks
- Rhude Brown—eye bandages
- Mrs. Ansett—scarf, 12 handkerchiefs
- Mrs. Hodgson—scarf
- Mrs. P. Clark—4 pair socks
- Wilbert Robertson—scarf, 2 pair N. Industrial School—3 A socks, pair socks
- Mrs. Campbell—3 A socks
- Mrs. S. S. Barton, Condon—2 pair socks
- Jessie Hill—scarf
- Mrs. Puge and Miss Spillard—3 suits pyjamas, pair socks, 6 stretcher caps
- Rosa First and Second St. Parkvale—12 handkerchiefs, 12 P binders, 22 T bandages
- Presbyterian Church Ladies—12 P binders, 12 many-tailed and 41 T bandages
- Diamond Valley, per Mrs. Scott Hastele—Mrs. Jackson, 12 stretcher caps; Mrs. Gunney, 8 surgeons' sleeves, 4 towels; Miss Reid, 6 slings, 4 towels; suit pyjamas; Mrs. Wright, 2 suits pyjamas, 4 towels, 4 many-tailed bandages
- Mrs. Harvey Bawlinheimer—4 pair socks
- Mrs. Walker—pair socks
- Victoria Ave. Club—12 T bandages, 24 handkerchiefs
- Mrs. Tovey—pair socks
- Springvale School, per Miss Thompson—3 pair surgeons' sleeves, 36 handkerchiefs, 19 T bandages, scarf
- St. Luke's Junior W.A.—2 scarfs
- Mrs. M. McGregor—2 suits pyjamas
- Mrs. R. W. Smith—12 T bandages, 6 slings, 12 P binders
- Fanny Burns—scarf
- Mrs. Maridie—suit pyjamas
- Mrs. Davidson—2 pair socks
- Nellie Scott—scarf
- Grade XII—3 A socks
- Mrs. Rutherford—6 surgeons' caps
- Mrs. N. White—2 suits pyjamas
- Marion Jarvis—3 A socks
- James Peasdale—scarf
- Ella Davidson—scarf
- Mrs. Seaman—2 aprons
- Lea Seaman—A sock
- Charlotte McFarlane—pair socks
- Benito—12 P binders, 6 slings, 12 B. P. covers, 9 suits pyjamas, 6 sheets, 10 fomentation wringers, 4 pair socks, 10 property bags
- Mrs. Dale—2 sheets
- Margaret Connell—A socks
- Mrs. A. E. Townsend—pair socks
- Mrs. Bullock—3 pair socks
- Miss Gould—A socks
- Mrs. Barker—scarf
- Mrs. McLean—apron
- Ada Heath—scarf
- Mrs. J. F. Gaetz—suit pyjamas
- Mrs. Partington—suit pyjamas
- Mrs. Hultend—12 T bandages
- Mrs. McIntosh—12 handkerchiefs
- Soldiers' Wives' Club—4 pair socks, 4 suits pyjamas, 12 handkerchiefs
- Miss Ramsey's Grade VII—scarf, eye bandage, A sock
- Fourth St. N. Circle—12 P binders, 12 T bandages, 12 handkerchiefs
- DONATION—Mrs. Sinclair, pair socks, E. ARMSTRONG, Asst. Sec.

Shipment of Red Cross supplies to Calgary for fortnight ending April 2: 274 funnel binders, 11 shirts, 39 suits pyjamas, 38 many-tailed bandages, 12 towels, 11 wash cloths

CANADIANS HOLD A SECTOR OF VITAL IMPORTANCE

PREDOMINATING POSITION AT VIMY RIDGE IS OF GREAT STRATEGICAL VALUE.

Winnipeg, April 19.—A Canadian officer who returned recently from the front, where he has been almost continuously since the winter of 1915, pointed out to the Canadian Press, Limited, today, that while the Canadian corps holding Vimy Ridge and vicinity has not been heavily engaged in infantry actions as has been the case to the north and south, it yet is entrusted with perhaps the most important sector of the entire western battlefield.

"The unbroken line from Giverny to Arras," he said, "of which Vimy is the dominating center, forms the pivot for the entire line from Ypres to the Somme. So long as that holds, there can be no question of the enemy breaking through. In their efforts to turn this line they are embarking on dangerous adventures, especially in their northern push westward to the Aves canal. Their only justification for the deep salient they have here created is their ability to utilize it as a base for rolling up our line to the south. Ten German divisions have been battling at this for the past forty-eight hours, all the way from La Bassée to the Aves, but so far without the slightest modicum of success. Nothing suits us better than that they should thus pay the highest toll of life fruitlessly.

"It has been rumored that at least one Canadian division has been moved further north to help stem the German drive. This seems unlikely. There is nothing so important as the Lens pivot. French forces have been thrown in and the German advance has been brought to a halt. Our predominant position at Vimy is of the utmost value in connection with any pending counter offensive, whether it be in Flanders or south of the Somme. At the present moment Canadians may well be proud of the situation they hold, and also of the fine work Canadian cavalry and other arms accomplished in helping to stem the first flood in Picardy."

BRITISH TROOPS ON ITALIAN FRONT IN SUCCESSFUL RAID.

Rome, April 13.—British troops operating on the Italian front made a successful raid yesterday in the Asiago basin, where they inflicted heavy losses on the Austrians and took 22 prisoners, says today's war office report. The artillery fire along the whole front has been only desultory.

"Enemy patrols advancing against our line of Corvo Di Cusanto-Adamo and on the slopes of Monte Val Bellu, on the Asiago plateau, were repulsed," says the official statement. "Desultory artillery actions occurred on both sides along the whole front."

BRITISH DRIVE ENEMY BACK

Greater Part of Wytschaete Has Been Retaken, Meteren in Our Hands and Bailouet is Likely to Fall to Us Next—Tremendous Artillery Duel Continues Without Cessation Over a Very Wide Front.

London, April 17.—The greater part of Wytschaete, and probably all of it, is in the hands of the British, Major-General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office, announced today. Counter-attacks successfully at Meteren, and south of that place, the British have driven back the Germans half way to Bailouet. They have advanced and improved their line in the direction of Neuve Eglise.

"The news last night and today is better," says Gen. Maurice. "While I am not able to say definitely that Wytschaete is entirely in our hands, we hold the greater part and probably the whole of it."

"As mentioned in Field Marshal Haig's communique, we made a withdrawal to a new line in the Ypres salient. The withdrawal was decided upon on Sunday. It was carried out partly Sunday night, and completed on Monday. It is a regrettable military necessity which forces us to give up ground which we have won at such heavy cost. On Tuesday the Germans were still shelling trenches which we had left the day before."

DESPERATE EFFORTS FAIL.

With the British Army in France, April 17.—The desperate efforts by the great forces of the enemy yesterday afternoon and last night to exploit their successes about Bailouet and Wytschaete met with a costly failure.

The battle west of Bailouet has been continuous and sanguinary. Since the time the enemy forces flung themselves against the defenders in intense assaults, but in each occasion the British troops held their own and threw the on-rushing Germans back with huge losses.

GREAT ARTILLERY DUEL.

A tremendous artillery duel is raging along the northern front. Throughout the night thousands of guns of all calibres made the war zone hideous with their mighty detonations. There was no cessation of this protracted fencing between the heavy batteries and this morning the contest was still raging, the vibrations shaking windows 40 and 50 miles away.

In the extreme north numerous enemy attacks during the afternoon and evening followed the capture by the Germans of Wytschaete and Spanbroekmolen. Later in the afternoon the battle swung further northward and the Germans attempted an advance at 7.30 p.m. in the Zillebeke sector. The attempt was a complete failure and great numbers of the attacking infantry were shot down at short range by machine gun and rifle fire.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

Foch will Soon Strike on Part of Line Germans Are Attacking.

New York, April 18.—Americans should not be discouraged by alarming news from the western front, because Gen. Foch will soon strike on the part of the line where the Germans are now attacking, Gaston Liebert, French Ambassador for the eastern states, declared in an address here today before 250 Red Cross workers from all parts of New York State.

"The terrible onslaught only makes us realize the danger we have overcome by unity of command, which will be the greatest asset to us," he said. "This is why we should not worry about the news we receive from day to day."

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Consistent Saving

The systematic and consistent saving of money, is a duty which devolves upon every one of us. The Bank of Montreal will open Savings Accounts on receipt of \$1 and accept thereon deposits of \$1 and upwards.



HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Red Deer Branch. C. C. Gamble, Manager.

ALLIES AIDED BY THE ITALIANS ON THE WEST FRONT

Washington, April 19.—Italian regiments already are in France and form the right wing of the Allied armies, the Italian embassy announced today. In making the announcement, the embassy said: "The Italian army, from Rome saying that Premier Orlando had announced that the Italians would soon be in the thick of the battle. The wireless message said: "Premier Orlando has announced to the chamber of deputies that the right wing of the united army in France is formed by Italian regiments. These regiments will soon be in the thick of the battle. The announcement was received with the greatest enthusiasm and applause. The deputies, including the members of the Socialist party, joined in a great demonstration to the French, British, and American armies. The news was communicated to the Italian people and was received with great demonstration of satisfaction."

London, April 19.—There was no change during the day along the British front in France, Field Marshal Haig reported this evening to the British war office.

Paris, April 19.—There was no infantry fighting during the course of Friday but there were lively artillery engagements in several sectors, according to the official statement issued by the war office tonight.

POOR DAY FOR THE GERMANS.

British Headquarters in France, April 19.—The bitterly cold weather and sleet squalls are probably profoundly distressing to the Germans, for whom yesterday was another poor day. The great attack launched at 9.30 in the forenoon, between Giverny and Robecq after five hours of intense bombardment, was a complete failure. Between Avellette bridge at Riez du Vinage, the enemy was repulsed with calamitous losses, leaving some hundreds of prisoners in our hands.

This morning there were signs of enemy activity against the high ground to the north and northeast of Giverny but possibly this was only an aftermath of the main attack which was repulsed. The question of any Germans there is anything but pleasant.

South of La Bassée Canal the night was quiet. There was some heavy shelling at St. Ennille and in the area northwest of Arras but no infantry movement followed. By a dash would soon be in the thick of the battle. The wireless message said: "The German reserve division were reduced to less than a company strong apiece. In the two days' fighting east of St. Ennille, six battalions of the 42nd German division, representing two-thirds of the total divisional infantry strength, suffered considerably more than 50 per cent. casualties. The 2nd regiment of the 11th Bavarian division at Neuve Eglise, on April 14, was wiped out. Three battalions of the 2nd Bavarian Jaegers regiment of Alpine corps in the attack at Mont Delle were so cut up that they are unlikely to hear of again in the present battle. Both the 12th reserve division and the 42nd division suffered disastrous losses."

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J. A. GRANT,
Latest Methods. All work Guaranteed Give a trial order and be convinced. Agent for A. A. Hall & Co. Ltd. Toronto P.O. Box, 413, Red Deer.

YOU SHOULD TEST US TO THE LIMIT!

You've got an unusual chance right now to prove that we are offering the BEST BARGAINS in town. We are determined to prove to you---no matter whether your purchase be large or small---that we are giving you full value, "and then some," for your money. We are not satisfied to simply make a sale. We want to feel that our customers are satisfied and have confidence in us. That's why we always say: "Your money back any time you are not fully satisfied."

SILK KNITTED CAPS AND SCARFS

Just Received a new Shipment of Ladies' Silk Caps, Different Styles, in Colors Sky, Scarlet, Yellow Paddy, Pink, and Black, at \$2.25 and \$3.25

Silk Knitted Hatbands, and Scarfs, assorted Colors and Styles, at 75c and \$1.00 each.

CANVAS SHOES

Ladies' Canvas Shoes in White, Champagne, and Grey, with Rubber Soles and Heels, also Leather Soles, at \$3.00 to \$5.75 per pair.

Children's White Canvas Shoes and Slippers. All Sizes at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per pair.

Groceries

Special for this week only—LENOX LAUNDRY SOAP — 18 bars for \$1.00

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Garden and Field Seeds. Full line

Steele, Briggs & Co.
A. E. Mc Kenzie & Co.
Wm. Rennie & Co.
D. M. Ferry & Co.

BUY NOW—MOST SEEDS WHEN SOLD OUT CANNOT BE REPLACED THIS SEASON

Spring Suits for Men and Boys

A FULL COMPLETE STOCK, NAVY BLUES, BROWNS, GREYS, and BLACKS.

Men's from \$12.50 to \$30.00
Boys' from \$7.50 to \$16.00

MEN'S and BOYS' HEAVY SHOES

For Spring Wear

Full Line from \$3.00 to \$5.25

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Ours is LAST YEAR'S STOCK, and free from anything injurious to the seed grain.

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The News

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ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.

JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24th, 1918.

"The Albertan (Calgary) cannot understand why the government was not content to permit a man with the principles and ideas and unequalled ability of Mr. Galbraith to go unopposed. It could rest assured that he would support progressive legislation, and that when he opposed any measure that it would be well to give it further consideration."

FOR BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

F. W. Galbraith, the Union candidate reports meeting with great encouragement in his canvass. The people as a whole are becoming tired of machine domination he says, and they clearly want the opportunity to say no at the polls. The Calgary Albertan and some others claim there is no reason to bring federal issues into provincial politics, yet they themselves bring federal politics into this provincial election by refusing life long Liberals like F. W. Galbraith, R. D. Welliver, and hundreds of others, a standing in the provincial Liberal party because they supported Dr. Clark.

HELP THE RED CROSS.

At a meeting of the Red Cross Executive and Finance committee on Friday afternoon last, Mrs. F. S. Simpson, the secretary of the Red Deer Association reported that about \$4500 worth of goods had been made up by the members of the organization since December last, and had been sent overseas, and that all the available funds were at the present time exhausted, with only \$500 worth of goods still to pay for. The society is making an earnest appeal this week for help throughout the entire district, as the goods will be held up in this most critical stage of the whole war unless more funds are available to meet expenses. Next Saturday, April 27th, will be Red Cross Tag day, when all citizens of Red Deer will be asked to give, and give liberally for this great work of helping the world's sufferers at the front. It is hoped the appeal to workers throughout the district will bear fruit and meet with a hearty response. The meeting last week was attended by Mrs. J. McLennan, president; Mrs. F. S. Simpson, secretary; Mrs. S. N. Carswell, representing the executive; and Messrs. N. W. H. R. B. Welliver, Rev. Brough, A. S. Maxwell and J. A. Carswell, chairman of the Finance Committee.

TEN BELGIANS STAND OFF 350 OF ENEMY.

New York, April 19.—Gallantry displayed by a Belgian patrol of ten men in holding off for an hour, until reinforcements arrived, an attacking force of 300 Germans near Neigevel, was described in a message from the Frontiers front received here today by Senator Henri Lafontaine, head of the American fund for gifts for Belgian soldiers.

"With remarkable courage, Major Breaux, with only nine men and one machine gun, held off and repulsed the attacks of 300 of the enemy with twelve machine guns," said the message. "It was only at the end of an hour by the patrol that another Belgian patrol which had heard the fire from another point came to the rescue of these Belgian heroes. This reinforced the garrison took the offensive and taking back the lost trenches and many prisoners and guns."

King Albert telegraphed his congratulations to these troops, who had once more given proof of their bravery and the high morale of the Belgian army.

AN EARLY PAPER SHORTAGE.

The war for the independence of the American colonies was marked by a paper shortage not unlike that which has given the Canadian and the American press as much trouble during the world war for freedom. The New Jersey Gazette, April 23, 1776, printed this: "No more subscriptions can be received at the present by this Gazette for want of paper." In the same period of stress the Fayetteville Gazette issued this conservation item: "The economical housewife who supplies the paper mill with rags, serves her country in her sphere as well as the soldier who fights for it does in his." The situation was such that not a few papers were compelled to raise their subscription rates: History does repeat itself.

AMALGAMATION OF FLYING FORCES.

Lieutenant MacNamara, Officer in charge of recruiting for Western Canada, advises it has been officially announced that the Royal Flying Corps, and the Royal Naval Air Service have been amalgamated and the new branch of the service is to be the Royal Air Force.

It has long been realized that these two units have grown to such an extent that a third arm of the Service should be formed, namely, The Air, as distinct from the Navy and Army, and this has been carried out as from the first of April, 1918.

Figures as to the size of the Royal Air Force are not available, but some idea of the size of the Force may be obtained from the fact that the number of new machines put into commission each day is approximately the same as the total number in commission at the outbreak of the war.

The demand for pilots is consequently becoming greater every day and young men between the ages of 17 and 30 years, would do well to write to the Recruiting office of the Royal Air Force at 332 Main Street, Winnipeg, for particulars of Service in the new Force, or to the nearest Civilian Recruiting Committee.

A distinctive uniform for The Force is being devised, but the details have not yet been arranged.

The same high rate of pay will obtain in the new Force as has been allowed in the Royal Flying Corps.

HUNS PREDICT LINE DIVIDED IN FORTNIGHT

WERE PREPARED TO BET ON IT: UATION, SAYS LORD ROBERT CECIL.

London, April 20.—Before the present German offensive began, German officers in neutral countries were prepared to bet that the Germans would succeed in dividing the forces of the Allies within a fortnight, Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockade, declared in a speech last night at Hurlingham, he had been informed.

"A month has passed and the Germans have not succeeded," Lord Robert continued, "but we would be foolish if we believed the battle had ended. We have an indefinite period of terrible and strenuous struggles before us. We must not underestimate the enemy who has had the great advantages of fifty years of preparation for the war, favorable geographical position and united command."

"But British citizens who have stood the Germans for four years on equal terms have proved that their valor is equal to German training, while recently our forces in France were placed with the French armies under the command of that great soldier, General Foch."

Lord Robert did not think that the enemy's formidable advantages would decide the battle in his favor but the Allies must not come under the sway of a too easy optimism.

The minister of blockade referred to the revelation of Prince Lichnowsky, former German ambassador to London, and other statements showing that Germany was absolutely unchanged since she strove to lure the world to sleep by talk of peace, while planning this attack. Since the battle has begun there has been no talk of peace, and nothing has been heard but talk of German annexations, indemnities, increase of the power of German caste, and the slavery of the rest of the world. He concluded:

"We are fighting indubitably for the freedom of the world. Anyone who says the Germans desire to live in peace with their neighbors and are ready to make a just and righteous peace is indulging in voluntary self-deception."

ALLIED ARMIES WEATHER THE STORM ON WEST FRONT.

New York Tribune Correspondent Sizes up the Situation Today.

New York, April 20.—That the allied armies are safe and the first phase of Hindenburg's great offensive is petering out is the assertion made by Arthur Draper, the well known war correspondent in a cable to the New York Tribune. The correspondent goes on to say that Haig's army has weathered the storm and that all England has backed up at the news of the last day or two. Ludendorff is beaten unless he advances and Haig wins if he holds the present line.

During the last day or two the German waves have been continually broken by streams of British and French high explosive shells.

ATTITUDE OF THE OPPOSITION HAD SPLENDID RESULT

ABANDONMENT OF PARTIZANSHIP IN RECENT SESSION WAS A WISE MOVE

Edmonton, April 15.—With the passing into history of the first session of the fourth Alberta legislature, it is becoming evident that the attitude of helpful criticism, instead of partisan obstruction, adopted by the members of the opposition, has had a powerful effect throughout the country. Evidence of this are found in expressions from many sources which have determined a majority of members of the opposition to continue the new course.

It will be recalled that at the beginning of the session, at a caucus of members of the opposition, George Headley, Okotoks, was chosen as leader. The decision of the caucus at that time was that on account of the tremendous events in which the empire was involved, partisanship should be done away with as much as humanly possible. It was agreed that no formal party caucuses would be held that no member of the opposition would be bound by a caucus decision, and that every member opposite the government should have a full and free opportunity to express his own views and those of his constituents.

HIS HANDS TIED. This decision was rightly carried out. One of the courses was largely to tie the hands of Mr. Headley as leader in the old time sense. Having no party caucuses at which rules of a campaign in the house could be laid down, and rule binding his followers to observe any decision as to policy, Mr. Headley was constrained to direct the policy of the opposition by the sheer weight of his persuasive personality. That the policy of helpful criticism has been carried out under these circumstances is a great personal triumph for the opposition leader.

On several occasions the old party spirit flamed up in different quarters. The opposition side, but as a whole the members loyally carried out the decision to forget old enmities and proceed with a clean slate. Not that there was no disagreement with this plan, but on the contrary, more than one member of the opposition openly threatened rebellion to it, and on one occasion a certain member threatened to take his chair around to the centre and seat himself with the independent group of the house, as a rebuke for what he considered insufficient criticism of the government.

SECOND CAUCUS.

When the session ended Saturday noon the session opposition caucus for the entire session was called that evening in the Macdonald Hotel. The whole situation was reviewed, and a majority of the members decided that their course had been the correct one. The next question before them was that of choosing a permanent leader of the opposition. Quite a number of the members, satisfied with Mr. Headley's leadership, were in favor of naming him permanent leader. That this course was not followed was due to the counsel of Mr. Headley himself.

The leader of the opposition declared that he believed the people of Alberta, as throughout Canada, are sick of party rule especially by caucus. Backed by a number of the members, he declared himself in favor of a convention to nominate a leader, a scheme which had been broached at the first caucus at the beginning of the session. After much discussion, the members agreed that this was best.

NO DEFINITE ACTION.

The question then arose as to how the convention should be called, and who should compose it. On this subject the members split into two camps. One division favored a straight Tory convention to nominate a permanent leader.

The other division, following Mr. Headley's lead, advocated an open convention at which every citizen of Alberta who disagrees with various policies of the government should be invited to take part, whether he be Liberal, Tory, so-called "Non-Partisan," or any other division. While no definite decision was reached on this subject, a majority of the members apparently favored this proposed open convention. It was finally decided to take no action, but to let a sufficient period of time elapse in which public sentiment may become crystallized on the subject, when a definite policy will be decided upon.

It is felt by a number of the members that the coming bye-election at Red Deer between a Liberal Unionist and a straight Liberal will give a good index to public sentiment on the subject of whether the people of Alberta wish party politics continued in provincial affairs, or abolished. The result of this bye-election will have a strong effect in determining the future policy of the opposition.

WHEAT AT \$2.21 PER BUSHEL

The Board of Grain Supervisors for Canada last Thursday decided to set the price of wheat for the crop of 1918 at \$2.21 per bushel, which is the same as that paid last year. The following

statement was issued by Dr. Robert Magill, chairman, and A. R. Macdonald, secretary, of the board:

"The board of grain supervisors for Canada are of the opinion that the present price of Canadian western wheat, namely, \$2.21 per bushel for No. 1 northern wheat, Fort William and Port Arthur, is a reasonable price for wheat of the crop of 1918. In reaching this conclusion the board have given full consideration to the necessity of stimulating the production of wheat; to the increased cost of production, and the relative prices of coarse grains, which have not been fixed during the current year, either in Canada or in the United States."

"The board are also of the opinion that this price should be guaranteed, that the guarantee should be given immediately, and that, if for any reason, such a guarantee cannot be given, the price should be all regulations connected therewith should and must be reconsidered and revised."

R. McKenzie, secretary of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, expressing an opinion about the price fixed for the current year said:

"I think it is right under the circumstances; \$2.21 is a high enough price. That is to say it pays the farmers very well, and it is as much as the Canadian people and their allies can afford to pay."

NOT PROFITEERS

Declaring that they were not profiteers and that \$2.20 per bushel is a sufficiently high price for wheat, the farmers of 23 states meeting at Washington last week went on record as opposed to the proposal of Congress to fix the price of wheat at \$2.50 per bushel. In favoring the lower figure the farmers said:

"Wheat at \$2.50 means flour will cost \$3 per barrel more and that will make bread prohibitive to thousands next winter. We can make a fair profit at the lower price."

PROPOSED INCREASE DEFEATED

Washington, April 15.—The proposed increase of the government guaranteed price of wheat to \$2.50 was defeated tonight in the house, which rejected by a vote of 167 to 98 the senate amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill, making the change. This action sends the question back to conference, and the senate now is expected to recede so as not to hold up the appropriation bill, under the senate rider to the appropriation bill the price would be increased to \$2.50 a bushel and the farmers' local elevators made the basic market.

A proposal to concur in the senate amendment and re-establish the interior market as the basis was rejected 189 to 138, and another to include the same guarantee for the 1919 crop was also rejected.

CASH AUCTION SALE

Having received instructions, I will offer for sale on

SATURDAY, APRIL 27th, 1918, on the N.E. ¼, Sec. 24, T. 37, R. 3, W. 15th, 4½ miles S.W. of Eberts, 8 miles N.W. of Meriville, the estate of the late J. P. Bardal.

LUNCH AT 12. Sale at 1 p.m. sharp.

20 HEAD OF CATTLE.

10 HEAD OF HORSES.
6 Young Cows, 2 old Cows, in calf or with calf at foot; 2 Steers, rising 3 years old; 3 Steers, rising 2 years old; 3 Yearling Steers; 4 Yearling Heifers.

Grey Mare, 9 years old, in foal, weight 1350; Bay Mare, 10 years old, in foal, weight 1200; Brown Mare, 4 years old, in foal, weight 1200; Bay Mare, in foal, 7 yrs. old, 1200; Sorrel Mare, 12 years old, in foal, weight 1100; Brown Mare, 3 years old, from the contest; Dark Grey Gelding, 8 years old, from good stock; Black Mare, 3 years old; Grey Filly, 2 years old; Bay Horse, Yearling.

Threshing outfit, complete; 12-36 Case Steam Engine; 28-46 Case Steel Separator, Blower-Feeder; Steel Tank; Tank Heater; New Pump; Engine Pliers, John Deere, 4 Bottomm, breakers and Stubble; Quantity of Oil; Grease, Headlight, Cable, etc. This rig is in good shape, Boiler, Government inspected.

FARM MACHINERY—2½ in. Adam's Wagon; 2½ in. Baln ¾ Truck Wagon; Top Buggy, nearly new; Case Harrow; 2 in. Bob Sleighs; Pole Saw; Massey-Harris, 5th Blinder; Massey-Harris, 15 Shoe Drill; Great West Sulky Plow, 16 in. Combination; 14-16 Disk Harrow; Brush Breaker and Prairie Breaker Plows; McCormick 10 ft. Rake; Massey-Harris 5th Mower; Set Drag Harrows; Farm Blacksmith Outfit; Quantity of 2½ in. Center Tools; Stock Pump, 18 in. Hog Feeder; Quantity of Lumber; Bush of Spruce Poles, Birch; Wheel Barrow; Hay Rack; Material for 2 Emery Stones; 2 Dog Chains; 40 Grain Sacks; 12 gauge Shot Gun, Double Barrel; Forks, Axes, Shovels, etc.; about 500 bushels of Feed Oats. Small quantity of Household Goods, Cook Stove and Heater. Wood Pile Sawn.

All goods must be settled for before removal from the place.

G. N. WELSH, Auctioneer.

G. STEPHENSON, Administrator.

NEW LUMBER YARD

LARGE STOCK OF DRY LUMBER

Our stock is composed of native and imported lumber—the BEST and DRIEST obtainable.

FULL STOCK. NO DELAYS. NO HOLD-UPS.

Our FREE SERVICE DEPARTMENT is at your disposal.

If you are considering building, let us make you a plan and give a guaranteed bill of material with it. ABSOLUTELY NO EXTRAS.

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OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

Phone 77.

O. W. THORNE, Local Manager

HUN PRISONERS IN U.S.

Thirty-Eight U-Boat Men Captured by American Destroyers.

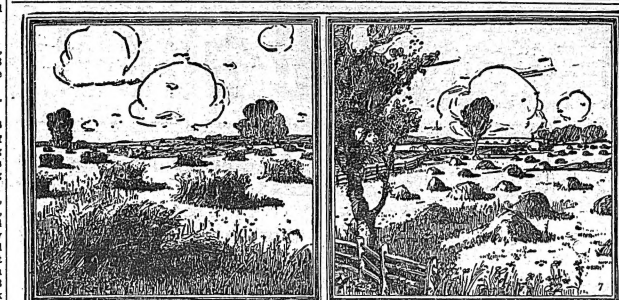
Washington, April 18.—An official announcement today of the recent arrival at an Atlantic port of 38 German prisoners captured by American destroyers with the submarine U-58 shows that among the prisoners are the commanding officer, Capt.-Lieut. Gustave Angerer, and four other officers as follows: Ober-Lieut. Source Otto Van Rittgen, Marine Ober-Engineer Paul Schroeter, Lieut. Source, Deserve Frederick Muller, and Warant Officer (navigation and deck) Henry Roepke.

The capture was made by the destroyer Fanning assisted by the destroyer Nicholson in European waters in November 17.

CANADIANS SORRY ABOUT THE WITHDRAWAL.

London, April 18.—It was not without a bitter pang that Canadians learned of our withdrawal from Passchendaele ridge after all the Canadian sacrifices in capturing it by the express desire of Sir Douglas Haig. Nevertheless the wisdom of the withdrawal at the present juncture is unquestionable in military circles. The military critic of the Manchester Guardian puts matters effectively when he says:

"We could still have gone on holding Passchendaele even after we lost Messines ridge, but we dared not risk it with the enemy hammering at us as at our defence back of Ypres. It would have placed too great a strain on a single line of defence along the amphitheatre of hills that encircle the Yps valley. A single break through this front would have placed the enemy astride the communications of the Ypres army. The withdrawal was necessary insurance."



The Ford Saves the Hay and Oats the Horses Eat

IT HAS been estimated that five acres of land are required to maintain one horse for a year, and that the same five acres would produce nearly enough food for two people. If 50,000 Canadian farmers each replaced one horse with a Ford, 250,000 acres would be added to the Nation's source of food supply and enough extra food made available to feed 100,000 people.

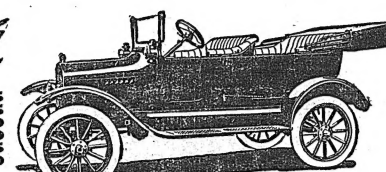
Just think what a great service this means to the country at the present time and the benefit to the farmers from the sale of food produced on this acreage.

A Ford car also saves the farmer a week or more of valuable time each year, which can be used for further productive work. The Ford travels three times as fast as a horse and rig—costs less to run and keep, and is far easier to take care of. With labor so scarce and high priced, time means money, so do not delay in getting your Ford.

Touring - \$595
Runabout - \$575
Coupe - \$770
Sedan - \$770
Chassis - \$535
One-ton Truck \$750

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FRED LUND, Dealer, Red Deer



A Few Specials

FROM OUR

Dry Goods Section

You cannot do better than come here to choose the material for your new spring or summer dress. We are receiving new goods each day.

A new arrival is in a lovely Foulard Silk, which is in this season's very latest, for suits or dresses; it is extra good weight, and all pure silk; 36 inches wide, in shades of navy, with large coin spot in tan and navy with white figured design. Priced at, per yard \$3.50

Another beautiful silk is in the very effective novelty stripes in lovely colorings of brown and green, and in brown and tan; 36 inches wide. Priced at, per yard, \$3.50 and \$3.75

A BEAUTIFUL SILK POPLIN in a very fine weave, comes in plain shades of navy, grey, Russian green, and nigger brown, in 36 inch width. Priced at, per yard \$1.85

Wash Goods Section

Those who wisely secure their requirements in these goods now, will not only choose from better assortments, but will buy at considerable savings in what they will be called upon to pay for these materials later. Our stocks were bought many months ago when prices were very much lower than today. So that when we have to replenish these stocks, the prices must be considerably higher.

Prints and Percales

PRINTS AND PERCALES—We have an excellent assortment of the best in English and Canadian manufacture in stripes, figured and plain, in a big range of colorings, 32 to 36 inches wide. Priced at 25c.

GINGHAMS

GINGHAMS—In good and strongly woven cloth that will wear and wash well, in plain colors and in stripes and checks; 27 and 36 inches wide. Priced at, per yard 17c., 20c. and 25c.

Cinderella Cloth

CINDERELLA CLOTH—This is the most serviceable cloth for dresses and skirts, and for children's wear such as school dresses, rompers and overalls, it cannot be equalled. It is made from strongest and best yarns and comes in plain navy and in brown and white, and navy and white striped; 36 inches wide; per yd. 40c.

Running Shoes for Boys and Girls

Give them a pair of these inexpensive running shoes. There is no better way to economize on their Summer footwear. Rubber and Canvas is cheap compared with Leather. The uppers are made from heavy duck, the soles and heels of first grade corrugated Rubber.

Priced from 95c. to \$1.35

GROCERIES

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

Oranges, per dozen 50c, 60c, & 70c
Bananas, per dozen 50c
Grapefruit, each 15c
Apples, eating, 2 1/2 lbs for 25c
Head Lettuce, each 15c
Leaf Lettuce, per lb. 40c
Green Onions, per bunch 5c
Cauliflowers 20c and 35c
Celery, finely bleached, 2 lbs. for 35c
Carrots, 8 lbs for 25c
Turnips, 12 lbs. 25c
Potatoes, per bushel 95c

LAUNDRY AND TOILET—

Royal Crown Cleanser, 3 for 25c
Old Dutch Cleanser, per tin 10c
Panshine, per tin 10c
Santiflush, per tin 25c
Golden West Washing Powder, 30c
Welcome Washing Powder 30c
Gold Dust 30c
Sapado, 15c and 30c
Gold Soap 4 bars for 30c
Royal Crown, 5 bars for 30c
P. & G. White Naphtha 4 bars for 30c
Sunlight Soap 4 bars for 30c
Lifebuoy Soap, 4 bars for 30c

GENERAL GROCERIES—

Tomatoes 2 tins for 45c
Corn, each 20c
Peas, 2 for 35c
Beans 2 for 35c
Pumpkin, 25c
Small White Beans 2 lbs. for 35c

Brown Beans 2 lbs. for 25c
Lima Beans 2 lbs for 35c
Popping Corn, per lb. 15c
Tapioca and Sago 2 lbs for 35c
Green and Split Peas 2 lbs for 35c
Yellow Lentils 20c
5 lb Rogers' Golden Syrup, 65c
10 lb " " " 125c
20 lb " " " 245c
4 lb pure Fruit Jam 95c
4 lb pure Compound Jam 70c
Libby's No. 2. tin Sliced Pine Apple, 30c

Libby's No. 1 tin, Peaches, Pears, and Apricots 20c
Libby's No. 1 tin, Royal Arm Cherries 25c
Tptm Salmon, per tin 25c
Golden Net Salmon, per tin 35c
Jewel Sockeye Salmon 40c

" " 1/2, 25c or 2 for 45c
Pillows, per tin 30c
Sardines, 10c, 15c and 20c
Lobster, 1/4 20c
Lobsters, 1/2 35c
Clams, large tins 20c
Shrimps, 25c and 45c
CornFlakes 2 for 25c
Krumbles 2 for 25c
Peanut Toasties 2 for 25c
Shredded Wheat 15c
Toasted Wheat Biscuit 15c
Postum Cereal 25c
Instant Postum 30c and 50c
Drinket 30c
Pettijohn's Breakfast Food 20c

"It Pays to Pay Cash"

The W. E. LORD CO. LTD. RED DEER, ALBERTA

AT LORDS.

Our Men's Dep't

is alive with new spring arrivals

Never before have we had such a good assortment to offer. We have been very fortunate in getting deliveries from the manufacturers and can now offer you good reliable wearing apparel at reasonable prices.

CLOTHING.—Our racks are loaded with new Suits and Overcoats for Spring wear. Lovely new patterns made up in Styles that are right up to the minute in Style and Workmanship. A big assortment of sizes and Priced at \$18.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$27.50, and \$32.00

DRESS SHIRTS.—We were fortunate in getting through two big shipments of dress shirts this spring. Only the best brands. Arrow, & W.G. & R. Dozens of patterns to choose from \$1.00 up

WORK SHIRTS.—You will be surprised at the values we offer in these Work Shirts, early buying from the manufacturers is the only reason for such good values. Take advantage of these values while you can. Specials at 85c, \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50.

UNDERWEAR.—No doubt you are thinking of lighter underwear now the warm days are here. You will find your favorite brand here. Combinations or two piece Suits. STANFIELD'S, PEN-ANGLE, JAEGER, and other well known Brands. Priced from 75c up.

SOCKS.—For the working man we are pleased to say that we can supply his wants in good wearing everyday Socks at prices unbeatable anywhere. Ask to see our specials AT 3 PAIRS FOR \$1.00

We have the best values in plain Cashmere and Worsted Half Hose for Men from 50c up.

OVERALLS.—Good Values in Men's Overalls, either in Plain or with Bib; Peabody's, G.W.G., Master Mechanics, and other well known brands. Priced \$1.75, \$2.00, & \$2.25

You will also find a Complete Stock here of Collars, Ties, Gloves, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Pyjamas, Nightgowns, Suspenders, Armbands, Garters, and everything a man wears. We will be glad to have you inspect any or all of these lines, whether you intend buying or not. It will be our pleasure to show you.

Ladies' Ready to Wear Section

New Shipment of Summer Skirts just placed in Stock. A new Model is in White Pique, fine wide cord, has wide Stitched Belt and new Shirred Pocket, with turnover point and large pearl buttons. All sizes to 30. Priced at \$2.50

Another pretty Model is in a very fine quality White Drill. Has new circular pocket, trimmed with pearl button and a new wide belt. Priced \$3.35

A neat Skirt which is most moderately priced is of a nice quality White Drill. Has plain full back, deep Self Belt and new Shirred Pocket, trimmed with best quality pearl buttons. Sizes to 30. Priced \$2.00

Men's Black Cashmere Hose at 50c. pair

This is a value not to be overlooked. It is a splendid English Make, made of all wool yarns and fast black. Sizes 9 1/2, 10, 10 1/2 and 11. Our Special at 50c.

THE W. E. LORD CO.

LIMITED

Women's or Girls' Walking Boot \$6.00

This is a smart walking boot of black velour calf leather, with a good weight Neolin sole and low heel with rubber top lift, made over comfortable fitting last, has medium toe, 8 inch tops; all sizes, 2 1/2 to 7. Price \$6.00

PEABODY'S



We carry a full range of this well known make. They are without doubt the most honestly made, and the sizes are just what they are marked on the garments, and fit and feel right. We make a specialty of having in stock sizes to fit the big man, and we do not make any extra charge for oversizes. Let your next suit of Overalls be "PEABODY'S" Price \$2.25

DAYLIGHT SAVING

Means More Hours to Work the Garden.

WE HAVE THE TOOLS

GARDEN RAKES—50c and up.
SPRINKLERS, 10 qt. size
\$1.10

SPADING FORKS—Best quality steel, with strap
Ferrule, \$1.75
10 quart size, \$1.10.

Try FORMALDEHYDE for Potato Scab

GARDEN CULTIVATORS
A Tool that all gardeners will appreciate. Saves getting down on your knees to pull weeds.
ASK TO SEE THIS TOOL.

POULTRY AND GARDEN FENCING—All Sizes.

POULTRY LEG BANDS.
For marking chickens. Assorted colors and sizes. 15c per dozen.

House Cleaning Specials

ALABASTINE—21 Beautiful tints.
Per Packet 55c

O-CEDAR POLISH—4 oz. size - - - 25c
12 oz size - - - 50c

SPRUSTEX MOPS—The new Polish Mop with a Hinged Handle - \$1.00

JOHNSON'S LIQUID WAX For Polishing Floors or Furniture, easy to apply 50c

HAIR BROOMS—Osborne Hair Floor Brooms \$1.65 and \$2.00

SHERWIN WILLIAMS' HOUSE PAINTS 1/2 pints, 30c Pints, 60c
FEATHER DUSTERS—15c

WAXITE—For polishing Automobiles, Buggies or furniture. A brilliant polish and dries absolutely free from dust, 65c

KYANIZE VARNISH STAINS—For Floors, Woodwork, and all Furniture. Stands the action of water. Quart, \$1.25

BLACK DAZZLE STOVE PIPE ENAMEL—15c and 25c

SHERWIN WILLIAMS' FLAT TONE—A Sanitary Flat Paint for Walls and Ceilings. May be washed when soiled. Artistic color combinations TRY IT.

Express Wagons

KEEP THE KIDDIES HEALTHY AND HAPPY

EXPRESS SPECIAL—For the little tots, \$2.50

ARMY SERVICE CAR—Steel top and steel wheels, bent handle for coasting, at \$4.00 and \$4.50

ARMY SERVICE CAR—Steel top and wheels with rubber tires, made with strong iron braces, \$5.50 and \$6.00

AUTO WHEEL COASTERS—Made to stand the roughest use, of good strong hardwood, roller bearing wheels, at \$6.75 and \$7.75

CHILDREN'S GARDEN SETS—Good strong sets consisting of spade, rake and hoe, for 90c.

ESTRAY on the premises of Jas. Gummow, Willowdale, one Red Heifer, holding 3 years. No brand. April 10-3

WANTED.—Good General Servant.—Apply to Mrs. A. E. Foster, 6th St., North, Red Deer. Mar. 27-4

ESTRAY on the premises of George Lawrence, N.E. 1/4 sec. 22, Tp. 37, R. 25, W. 4th, Hillside P.O., 1 Bay Mare about 8 years old, branded W on right shoulder, weight about 1,400 lbs. 1 Brown Filly, rising 2 years old, white spot in face and left hind foot white, no brand. April 10-3

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Pure bred R.C. Brown Leghorn and Barred Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching, selected winter layers, \$1.50 per setting of 15. Also 15 R.C. Brown Leghorn pullets \$1.50 each, to make room for new stock.—Howard J. Byers, Phone 225, or Red Deer P.O. Mar. 27-5

WANTED.—Laundryman, also ward assistants for Hospital for Returned Soldiers, Red Deer. Returned soldiers preferred.—Apply to Superintendent, Hospital for Returned Soldiers, Red Deer, Alta. Mar. 20

PURE BRED SHORTHORN for sale. Good stock getter. Will sell cheap or exchange for young cattle.—Apply W. J. Reay, S.E., 23-37-26, W. 4th, Red Deer P.O., R.R. No. 3.

TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Sir Edmund Walker, U.V.O., Pres.
Dr. A. S. Vogt Musical Director

Local Examinations in Music

The Conservatory's Examiner in the Practical Branches will conduct examinations in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia during the latter part of June or early part of July next, definite dates for the various centres to be decided upon after May 1st, by which date applications from all points west of Ontario must have reached the Registrar.

Theory Examinations for all Canada June 19, 20 and 21.



MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 17th May, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week on the route between Innisfail and Kneehill Valley, from the 1st of July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office at Innisfail, Kneehill Valley, and Hill End, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector, D. A. BRUCE, Post Office Inspector, Calgary, 5th April, 1918.



MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 24th May, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, thirty-two times per week on the route Red Deer and C.P. Railway Station, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office at Red Deer, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, A. W. CAIRNS, Post Office Inspector, Edmonton, 12th April, 1918.

BOODE AND MACONOCHE, Agents for Red Deer and district for
McLAUGHLIN BUICK AUTOMOBILES
Write for appointment, or come at the
EMPIRE GARAGE, LACOMBE, 12-3-4

Passchendaele Yielded to Enemy as Strategic Move

WHOLE BRITISH ARMY IS GLAD THAT THIS BOLD MOVE HAS BEEN TAKEN

MAKES SITUATION DIFFICULT FOR HUNS

With the British Army in France, April 17.—Had anyone said months ago that there would soon be rejoicing to see the British withdraw and abandon the Passchendaele ridge system which was won with such difficulty last summer, it would have excited derision. But the whole British army is glad at this bold move. It not only lessens the danger from the enemy drive about Wytschaete and Baillieu, but it greatly shortens the defensive line. It seems hard in a way to give up ridges over which the British battled forward in such spectacular fashion last summer, but it is decidedly for the best and will help defeat the Hun.

NO SNAPSHOT AFFAIR

The retirement was as a result of matured judgment and was no snapshot affair, for it was known to be pending. The new lines had been prepared and artillery had been placed in position before the infantry quickly began to pull back under cover of darkness. If the Germans anticipated any such move they did not look for it at the time it happened. They began to push cautiously forward when it became apparent that nothing unusual had happened. They found the forward positions vacant and advanced in greater numbers. Then the British artillery opened up at an opportune moment and deluged the whole territory with an inferno of fire, which worked havoc among the wandering infantry.

UPSET CALCULATIONS.

The Germans must now pull forward and make more than the difficult heights and they will have to drag their artillery up and over bad ground to the positions which it occupied before the British offensive last summer. It will be an undesirable task.

Coincidentally with their drives around Baillieu and to the north, the Germans have continued to push hard to the south of Merville in order to get to the line of Labassee canal. The enemy had expected to get through to Bethune and most of the wayward on the first or second day of the offensive in this sector, but the determined defense offered upset all their calculations. The Germans have only a few good roads in this region over which they can send their transports and these highways are kept under continual fire by the British artillery and are being bombed so continually that they are filled with the wreckage of the enemy's transports and dead horses.

COMPLETELY SMASHED.

Numerous enemy attacks have been delivered about Locon, but in every case they were repulsed. Yesterday at Paeu wood, northwest of Locon, an unusual engagement was started, where the German and British infantry started at the same moment for an attack and clashed in the forest. Heavy hand to hand fighting ensued and the British claimed a slight advantage when the Germans had been repulsed.

A battery of German machine guns stationed on the eastern edge of the wood was completely smashed and all the crew were either captured or killed.

The enemy bombardment of the region of Villers-Bretonneux has continued, but no attack in this region has developed. A prisoner captured near Heteberne on April 7 says that the enemy had been on short rations and that the only food which some of the troops had was what they captured. All the Germans are surprised at the quality of the British rations and the feeling generally is growing that the German troops have been deceived greatly by the supposed success of the submarine campaign. One prisoner admitted that the German losses were very heavy.

With the British Army in France, April 18.—Von Quast's freshly arrived guns were pounding the villages in areas back of the British lines today. Throughout the night the region along the Labassee canal was bombarded with gas shells. North of Lys British communications are constantly under indirect machine gun fire.

Ypres is being shelled intermittently and the British guns are keeping up a harassing and intense fire.

On the north bank of the Lys battlefield yesterday there was a ceaseless struggle. British fire from a cluster of hills southwest of Ypres raked seven German assaults in the evening, besides von Arnim's attempt to advance into a portion of the Ypres salient, which Haig had evacuated. Here British artillery smashed the troops of Generals Marshall and Zudobna, which were caught in the old shell torn battlefield.

FRESH GERMAN DIVISIONS ENGAGED.

The Germans brought up fresh divisions for the hard thrust which they made yesterday. Although the British were unable to hold Wytschaete and Meteren, which they had retaken by a brilliant counter-attack, they beat off the enemy elsewhere. The British maintained their fire throughout the night. A renewed bombardment of the British front between Labassee canal at Givenchy and the Nieupe forest suggests the Germans

contemplate another heavy drive in this region, in the hope of taking Bethune and creating a new salient.

All the areas back of this section of the front were sprinkled with gas shells throughout the night. At 6 o'clock this morning the bombardment was nearly of drum fire intensity between Locon and Rebecq, where the enemy has tried repeatedly to advance his line to the canal.

DRIVE NEAR THE SEA.

An effort was made by the fourth German army which holds the enemy's right flank to the sea to drive in the front of the Allies from the coast was extended yesterday to the Year canal held by the Belgians. At half past eight o'clock in the morning after an all night bombardment the Germans attacked on a front of four miles between Langemark and Kippe.

The Germans gained a footing in the Belgian advanced positions, but they were thrown out after a fight lasting nearly all day. The Belgians took 500 prisoners, including many of the Germans belonging to seven different regiments which represented one Bavarian, two Prussian and one marine infantry division.

SIX ATTACKS.

Six heavy attacks were delivered by the Germans in the course of yesterday afternoon between Baillieu and Ypres in an attempt to bend back the British front still further and to create another dangerous salient in the Flemish marshes.

Kemmel hill was assaulted by three waves of Germans about 1 o'clock in the afternoon, but the enemy was thrown back with heavy casualties, and a counter-attack completely restored the British line. Other attacks were broken.

STRENUOUS TIME FOR THE INFANTRY.

Yesterday was a strenuous time for our infantry in co-operation with the French, who are now engaged in the northern battle area.

The day was satisfactory, the record balancing heavily in our favor. The German waves dashed against our lines in half a dozen places, but only at Beaver Hill did they force us to yield ground which was counter-attacked and regained.

The heaviest onslaughts occurred southeast of Kemmel Hill and west of Merville and there were two attempts northwest of Wulverghem. The enemy's grand objective is undoubtedly domination of the ridge system from Kemmel Hill to Wytschaete. While the Germans have not made any definite gains their losses have been appalling.

Our gunners anticipating the enemy's occupation of the evacuated Passchendaele salient, prepared to give him a warm reception. When the German infantry advanced over the dreary waste the great cemetery in the cockpit of Europe gathered another ghastly toll.

The German attack against the Belgian positions nearer the coast is especially noteworthy. In this stage of the campaign the enemy employed four divisions, one of marine infantry, one of Bavarian, and two of Prussian. An intense night long bombardment was possibly counted upon to forestall all resistance, but the Germans speedily found that they were mistaken, for the Belgians put up a fight ranging as one of the epochs of their splendid war history, finally driving back the Germans in confusion and taking more than 600 prisoners. This brilliant victory was on a stretch of six kilometers between Langemark and Kippe.

THE MISSUS' VOTE.

"What frock will you wear when you vote?"

To the Missus said I.

"That it broke me to buy?"

Will you dazzle the girls at the polls With your burden of boas and stoles, From the sables and foxes and moles?"

To the Missus said I.

"You've another guess coming, old beau."

Said the Missus to me.

"This is not any dressmaker's show, Initiating Parade!"

For the costume I'm putting on view (That is figuratively) for you, Is composed of the Red, White, and Blue."

Said the Missus to me.

"Will you vote just about as you shop?"

To the Missus said I.

"With a whirl at your cerebral top, And with fingers that fly?"

Is a candidate yours for his air? Or the color of necktie he wears? Or the way that he brushes his hairs?"

To the Missus said I.

"When your cheap little jesting is done,"

Said the Missus to me, "I will vote for the Flag and the Gun, And a world to be free; For the triumph of right the fray, And the British victorious sway, And a peace that shall evermore stay"

Said the Missus to me.

From the results of the ballot-box fight it appears that she voted all right!

Brumpton & Gaetz Ltd.



Corsets
\$1.25
TO
\$4.00

High Bust, either short or long hip, or low bust and short hip, at, per pair \$1.25

No. 1269, long hip, low bust, at..... 1.50

No. 319, low bust, short hip, at..... 1.50

No. 369, high bust, long hip, at..... 1.75

No. 461, low bust, long hip, at..... 1.75

No. 685, front laced, at..... 3.25

No. 691, heavy material, low bust elastic set in over hips, at..... 3.50

No. 699, flesh colored, low bust, long hip, at..... 3.75

No. 675, low bust, heavy boned, elastic over hips, at..... 4.00

No. 701, front laced, with long hip and shield, at..... 4.00

No. 431, medium bust, long hip..... 2.25

No. 510, Athletic corset, at..... 2.25

No. 511, short, with medium bust..... 2.50

No. 519, front laced, low bust, long hip, at..... 2.50

No. 573, medium bust, long hip..... 2.50

No. 614, low with long hip and extra heavy bone front, at..... 3.00

No. 523, Antipon belt, low bust, long hip, with heavy bone front..... 2.75

Corsets will be delivered free of postage to out-of-town customers

We are agents in this vicinity for C/c a la Grace Corsets.

Always a full range of models in all sizes to choose from.

Knitted Silk Bags

KNITTED SILK BAGS, with Persian trimmings and fancy balls; lined in red with sky, purple with maize, green with gold, and pink with green; reasonably priced at \$2.00

Knitted Striped Hat Bands

KNITTED SILK HAT BANDS—Nothing could be prettier to trim your hat with—they are stylish yet genteel; colors red and green, gold and green, pink and green, tan and green, and champagne and green; anyone can afford them at \$1.00

KNITTED STRIPED HAT BANDS with ball trimming, in helio and green, purple and grey, yellow and black, pink and green, green and white, and tan and white. We haven't spoiled these pretty goods with a high price, at \$1.00

SILKS and SATINS

We could hardly say that we have "daily" arrivals of these goods, but we can truthfully say that every few days sees an express shipment of some new silks and satins. Therefore, if you saw our stock last week, it does not follow that you know what is shown this week.

We have some beautiful PONGEES just sent us by an importer who has a standing order to send us new lines as they are received. These have come in paddy, rose, cope, navy, black and white, and are sold for, per yard \$1.75

GUARANTEED SATINS, 36 inches wide, in cream, champagne, paddy, pearl grey, and brown, per yard \$2.25

SPOTTED FOULARDS, in navy, green and grey, per yd. 75c.

HOSE

PURE BLACK SILK, in 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2, per pair \$3.00

PURE WHITE SILK, in 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2, per pair..... \$2.75

SILK FIBRE HOSE, in 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2, in pearl grey, champagne and black, per pair \$1.75

FIBRE SILK HOSE, in white, champagne, black and gun metal, per pair 95c.

SILK AND LISLE "Penman's" make, per pair 75c.

BOYS' COTTON STOCKINGS in a variety of makes such as "Buster Brown," "Drummer Boy," "Hercules," etc., etc., at, per pair 35c., 45c., 50c., 55c., 60c., 65c.



Men's Clothing

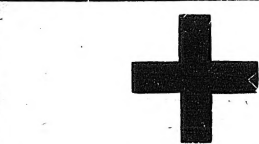
There are a few things that a man demands in his clothing—they are that they should wear well, look well and be moderately priced. We can meet the requirements of the most exacting in this particular.

Men's lines at, from \$15.00 to \$30.00

Boys' Knickers

in khaki, drill, tweed, worsted and serge. We have the supreme satisfaction of knowing these lines were well bought, and we pass the values along to you. In sizes 22 to 34. Prices from..... \$1.25 up to \$2.75

PHONE 26



PRISONERS OF WAR

Many appeals are now being made for PRISONERS OF WAR. It is entirely unnecessary for any other organization except the Canadian Red Cross to collect for Canadian Prisoners of War, as the Society supplies these men with bread and other food to the maximum permitted, tobacco, and clothing, as allowed by the regulations.

CANADIAN AVIATORS being in the Imperial Army receive their parcels from the Central Prisoners of War Relief Committee, unless by request they are taken over by the Canadian Red Cross Society, which has already, and is willing to undertake again to adopt Canadian aviators in this service by paying over from the Society's Funds the necessary amount for their parcels, without making any further appeal to the public for this object.

Canada's donations to the British Red Cross and Allied Red Cross Societies help to furnish funds for the care of British and Allied Prisoners. ANY PERSON OR COMMUNITY SUPPORTING THE CANADIAN AND BRITISH RED CROSS IS THEREBY PROVIDING FOR CANADIAN, BRITISH, AND ALLIED PRISONERS.

Returned Canadian Prisoners report that the Canadian Red Cross parcels are arriving safely and are most satisfactory.

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

ALBERTA PROVINCIAL RED CROSS SOCIETY
REX THEATRE BUILDING, CALGARY.

We are again opening our

Cream Buying Station

at Red Deer. Mr. T. B. Rutter is in charge of same, and will pay cash for each and every shipment as received at Red Deer, as well as cash for Eggs and Dairy Butter. Give us a trial.

CENTRAL CREAMERIES, LTD.

P. PALLESEN, Proprietor

Phone 33. T. B. Rutter, Manager Red Deer Branch (Next door to Arlington Hotel.)

WANTED A Woman or Young girl to assist with house work, in family of three. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. W. B. Lord, Red Deer. Apr. 17

WANTED TO BUY A good second-hand medium tractor, with 4 to 6 horse power. Apply to Mr. M. Gilbertson, Eekville, P.O., Alta. Apr. 24-25

FOR SALE—Cabbage, cauliflower, tomato, celery, garden peas, and bedding plants, rhubarb roots, and seed. Caragana bushes and seed. Lilac bushes, and other flowering shrubs. —Joseph Cole, Victoria Ave. Apr. 24-25

FOR SALE—N. 1/4 of Sec. 27-33-2-W. 5th Mer. 100 acres broken, 3 1/2 miles from Eekville, 1 mile from School. Price \$20.00 per acre. —J. G. Goy, Yorkton, Sask. Apr. 24-25

MEN WANTED everywhere to show samples for Large Grocery Corporation. All goods sold at factory prices. Best Granulated Sugar, \$6.50 cwt. Comfort, Surprise, Sunlight, or Gold Soap, 7 for 25 cents. Pure Lard, 5 pound can \$1.00, etc. Agents profit \$1.50 on every \$2.00 sale. Sample case free.—The Consumers Association, Windsor, Ont. Apr. 24-25

We shall be pleased to trade you

NEW FURNITURE —FOR YOUR— OLD FURNITURE

Why not take advantage of this offer, and secure some New Pieces at a small cost.

N. WHITE, Secondhand Store
Agent for Goulley Pianos

CUSHING BROS., LTD.

Wholesale and Retail dealers in Lumber, Doors, Sash, Plaster, Cement, Lime, Building and Roofing Papers, and Building Materials of all kinds.

Having large Sash and Door Plants in the Province, and a Spruce Mill operating in this vicinity, we are always well equipped to quote on your complete Bills.

Get our prices before buying.

K. M. BYERS - MANAGER

EYES Mail Your Broken Glasses to Us

If you don't live in town. Your work will receive the same attention as if you were here, and at the regular city price.

H. H. HUMBER - Optician and Jeweller
RED DEER, ALBERTA

The Store That Saves You Money The Store of Satisfied Customers

We sell the
Jontel Toilet Preparations
Talcum 35c.
Creams 75c.
Face Powder 75c.

Do you know about the
J. B. L. Cascades,
the Internal Bath? If not ask us. We are Red Deer Agents.

We appreciate
Your Mail Orders
and give them our best service.

Patronise our
Prescription Department
On its Merits.

We stand for:
**Quality
Efficient Service
Liberal Methods
Moderate Prices**

The
Quality
Drug
Store

**THE GAETZ-CORNETT
DRUG & BOOK CO.**

Local and District Intelligence

Red Cross tag day, next Saturday, April 27th.

Mrs. Fred Turnbull returned from the coast last week.

Mrs. McLachlan, who was in the city visiting friends last week.

Miss Vera Sowden has taken a position on the staff of Campbell, Wilson, & Horne.

It is said that nearly all the cottages at Sylvan Lake have already been taken up for the summer.

Mr. Mitchell, the Sylvan Lake mail carrier having quit, Mr. Meyers has now taken over the job.

Mrs. Patterson and her daughter, Mrs. Holt, of Leslieville, are the guests of Mrs. Page for a few days.

The Women's Institute will hold a sale of fancy work and home made cooking in the tea room on Saturday afternoon, April 27.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the parlour of the Methodist church.

Mrs. and Miss Gougham left for Calgary on Thursday last to reside. A number of friends saw them off at the depot.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church will be held in the Church Hall on Thursday, April 25th, at 3 o'clock.

If you want to know how to manage a wife, don't ask married men, ask bachelors. A married man doesn't know a blamed thing about it.

Just arrived. One dozen Grass Seed Sowers, McLaughlin Buggies and Democars, DeLaval Cream Separators. Also taking orders for twine.—W. Hammond, agent.

R. B. Welliver has sold the Wm. Hunsbuck estate to Mr. Fred Jackson for \$2,500, and a half section four miles south east of Benalto for Mr. Davies to Mr. John Watson, Camrose.

Why cook on Sunday. Buy your dinner at the Institute sale of cooking on Saturday. Jellied meat, salads, marmalade, bread, cookies, Scotch shortbread, and other good things for sale.

Mrs. Dorrance returned from Edmonton recently, and will remain for the summer. Mr. Wallace Dorrance is expected down at the end of the month, and will take his former position with Gaetz-Cornett.

Chief Macdonald, of Condoir, is proud of the fact that he has three sons and about twenty relations in the war, and as one of the oldest settlers in the west, wishes he had fifty more to fight for the glorious old flag.

Farmers are now all very busy with Spring work and the cool weather makes the work easy for the horses. Warm weather now will help wonderfully, and all Spring work will be pretty well along by the end of next week.

The Baptist Sunday school of Red Deer will give an entertainment at the Poplar Ridge Schoolhouse on Thursday evening of this week. All the children taking part are asked to be at the Church at 7 o'clock, when cars will be in readiness to take them to the schoolhouse.

A meeting of the Red Deer branch of the Alberta Teachers' Alliance will be held in the Assembly Hall of the Public School at 2:30 p.m., the first Saturday in May. Matters of general interest to teachers will be discussed. All teachers in the inspectorate are cordially invited.

The great pleasure derived from the concert given by Boris Hamburg, Nicole Menges, the Chernavskis, and the 1917 Chautauque depended largely upon the piano used being in proper tune. J. E. Welton, local expert tuner, has thereby proved his ability. Engage him if you wish to preserve the life and tone of your piano. Phone 56. P.O. box 504.

There was a great rush of business men for fishing tackle, etc., on Friday evening last week at John McVicar's store, it being fishing time once more. There was such a rush that John was greatly flustered and was hardly able to accommodate the numerous customers. He managed to last, however, and get all served, and then asked them all to come again, but not all at once, please.

The Lyric Theatre enjoyed crowded houses on Monday and Tuesday to witness Mary Pickford in "The Poor Little Rich Girl" and everyone was pleased with the representation. The management is to be congratulated on the enterprise shown in bringing these pictures to the city, and are entitled to a generous support. On Thursday of this week a very interesting picture entitled "The Red Ace" is booked to be shown, and on Friday the famous picture "Buckling Broadway" on Monday and Tuesday of next week we are to have a splendid military drama entitled "The Slackers", and other equally interesting reels. Crowded houses should again be the order.

Red Cross tag day, next Saturday, April 27th.

IN MEMORIAM.
In loving memory of Pte. Henry Beardsall, 9th Battalion, who died in France, 19th April, 1917.

In loving memory of A. E. Gulliver, killed in action, somewhere in France, April 28th, 1917.

Red Cross tag day, next Saturday, April 27th.

The Best Furniture Co. have a fine showing of Congoleum Rugs and Rug Borders.

Torington vacuum sweeper is a fine thing to have in the house these days. It makes house cleaning easy. You can get them at Best's.

Let the Best Furniture Co. frame that picture for you. Their prices are reasonable.

If you need any new window shades Drapery Rods, Chairs, Seats, etc., set them at Best's.

Don't forget the Red Deer Tennis Club meeting to be held at N. White's Store tomorrow (Thursday) evening at 7.30.

You look at a man's face to see what nature has done for him; then you casually glance at his clothing to see what Jack Fulton has done for him.

Trees are budding, grass is sprouting, birds are singing, spring is here! So are just Wright shoes, stylish, comfortable and smart. See them at Jack Fulton's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Fulton motored to Glenora, Medicine Hat, and other southern suburbs of Red Deer last week, and incidentally covered about eight hundred miles of road, got stuck in a mud hole, and slept one night in the car, and had a whole of a time altogether.

H. Thompson and family leave today for Summerville, B.C., where they will reside for the future. This step was necessary owing to the ill-health of Mrs. Thompson.

E. G. Johnson's word a few days ago that another of his brothers had been wounded. This time it was Harry Johnson, a member of the British Yeomanry in Palestine. He joined up with the British forces August, 1914, and this is the first time he has been wounded.

Dr. and Mrs. Flaxton, Calgary, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. McEwan last week.

Red Cross tag day, next Saturday, April 27th.

HOW FAR IS THREE DOGS' BARKS

Doubtless measures of all kinds were originally taken from the human body. An inch is roughly the length of the top joint of the thumb. A span is a quarter of a pace, and a pace is half an arm's length. The span and all the other measures probably the foundation of all measurement, and we still speak quite commonly of so many paces distant.

The old is little used today as a measure, and mainly survives in the old saying, "Give him an inch and he'll take an ell." That is, give him a little liberty and there is no telling to what length he will go, for the English ell is a yard and a quarter, the Scottish ell a little over a yard, and the Flemish ell only three-quarters of a yard.

The word ell means arm, and thus ell means the joint or bend of the arm. The ell measure was taken from the arm of Henry I., and it was a yard and a quarter it was of very unusual length! The capacity of the human body was also early put to the use of measurement; thus we have the expression "A hop, step and jump." "A stone's throw," and the old saying, "Within a bowshot away."

In rural Germany they speak of places being so many hours distant—meaning, of course, by walking; and in the rural parts of Schleswig-Holstein they say that a place is a pipe or two pipes, or three pipes off, according to the number of pipes one could "nake while walking there."

Shorter distances are reckoned by barks. A village under a mile away would be two or three dogs' barks! It is as we say, "Within calling distance."

ANCIENT LIGHTS.
The candle is in appearance a primitive affair, yet there is little doubt that its predecessor was the lamp.

Old Egyptian tombs, which have unlocked many mysteries, held lamps, and through them evidences of ancient burial customs. Lamps played a part in the solemn feasts of the Egyptians, who on such occasions placed them before their houses, burning them throughout the night.

Herodotus, in one of his numerous references to Xerxes, refers to the hour of lamp lighting, and there is abundant evidence of the use of lamps among the ancient Greeks. Lamps, indeed, are pictured upon some of their oldest vases, indicating the symbolic significance which attached to them.

PENCILS FROM JAPAN.
An untold of result of the war has been the creation of a lead pencil industry in Japan.

In 1911 Japan imported 65,000,000 pencils, most of which came from America and Germany. But with the opening of the European conflict German sources of supply were cut off and native manufacturers, who had been producing only in comparatively small quantities seized their opportunity and made the most of it.

There is a strong indication that the pencils the markets won by the Orientals will be held by them after the war, for they have the advantage of very cheap labor. Most of the pencils which they use is imported from India and England.

TEST YOUR COWS.

No farmer can afford to milk and feed a cow which does not pay him a profit, and there is no profit from a cow until she has paid for her feed. There are altogether too many of these unprofitable cows in our dairy herds. The only way to discover these boarders is by the use of the scale and Babcock test. Keep a record of a cow in your herd. Know just what each cow is producing. Then you can weed out these undesirable boarders intelligently. Ask your local creamery man what he thinks about the "Cow Testing" work.—F. J. Wilkinson, supervisor, Red Deer, Alta.

CITIZENS' BAND

The Citizens' Band, encouraged by the addition of some new members, is again under way having been reorganized with the following officers: President—Senator Michener. Sec'y-Treas.—Mr. F. B. Simonton. Bandmaster—Mr. Welton. Executive—Messrs. M. England, O. W. Thorne, and R. J. Sanders. Mr. Conway, accountant of the Merchants bank, cornetist, and Mr. Thorne, manager of the Manning-Sutherland Lumber Co., trombone; are new members. Mr. Geo. England is back again with the boys. The Band is after a good tuba player. And other former Band players in the district should communicate with the Bandmaster or Secretary-Treasurer.

REGISTRATION IN JUNE.

Ottawa, April 22.—Registration of the man power throughout the Dominion is expected to be complete by the end of June. Announcement to this effect was made in the house of commons tonight by F. B. McCurdy, one of the members of the Canadian registration board.

Mr. McCurdy sketched in some detail the scope of the registration and the methods by which it will be carried out. The Canada registration board he said, was representative of all interests. Of labor of manufacturers of women workers, of agriculture, with the addition of the chairman of the military service council.

RED DEER TENNIS CLUB.

The Annual Meeting of the Red Deer Tennis Club will be held in N. White's Store, on Thursday next, April 25th, at 7.30 p.m. All those wishing to become members are cordially invited.
N. WHITE, Secretary.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 31st May, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, to become operative on the route between Innisfail and Railway Station, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office at Innisfail, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector.

D. A. BRUCE, Post Office Inspector, Office, Calgary, 19th April, 1918.

Work Guaranteed. Founded 1907.

THE RED DEER SHOE SHOP
CAMILLE ROVERS
General Repairing

MAIL ORDER
I mend all kinds of boots and shoes if worth fixing (sewn or nailed)

Regular prices for half-soles and heels —If shoes or boots are too far gone, please enclose more money, the balance, if any, will be returned to you. I pay return charges within 30 miles for every pair of half-soles and heels.

Member of the Great War Veterans Association of Canada
2nd St. S.E. P.O. Box 412. One block east from post office. April 24-1918

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Pure bred barred rocks, at \$1.50 per setting. Also Bronze Turkey eggs at 25c each.—Archib Henderson. Apr. 17

DRUG APPRENTICE WANTED.—Apply at the Standard Drug Store. Apr. 17

FOR SALE—Incubator, 200 egg capacity, \$15.00; Potato Cultivator, good shape, \$12.00; Small Potatoes, suitable for seed, 60c per bushel.—O. B. Parker, Phone 254, P.O. Box 351.

FOR SALE—Two pure-bred Toulouse Geese and Geese and 19 eggs \$13 for lot. Also five Pekin Ducks and Drake, \$1.50 each.—Apply to W. Hammond, John Deere agent, Red Deer. Apr. 24

FOR SALE—Second hand Cockabutt Plow with Stable and Brakes. Bottoms, 2 Disc Harrows, 12 x 16; 1 Hoe Drill; 1 Deering Mower; Tamarac Posts, 7ft. and 4 ft.—Howell and Cotton. Apr. 24-1918

WOMAN wants work, cleaning stores, offices, or house work.—Apply by letter to Mrs. Wilcox, Red Deer. Apr. 24-1918

Gasoline Tank Installed

We are now able to take care of cars with gasoline from our filling station in front of the store on Gaetz Avenue.

Auto Accessories

We are also carrying a full line of auto accessories, including tires, inner tubes, pumps, jacks, grease guns, pressure gauges, tire removers, chains, horns, etc.

Autoists have to carry regulation lamps. We have them.

Day Hardware Co.



Linoleum and Oilcloth

Now Is The Time To Buy Linoleum

Through making our purchases last Summer we are able to sell at prices that cannot be beaten anywhere.

PRINTED LINOLEUMS IN 20 DIFFERENT PATTERNS—

2 Yards Wide Price \$1.85 per lineal yard
4 Yards Wide Price \$4.10 per lineal yard

We have just received a large consignment of Congoleum by the yard. This comes in rolls like Linoleum, and is 2 yards wide. We are making a very special price of

\$1.60 per lineal yard. Just about wholesale price. CONGOLEUM SQUARES in all patterns and at rock bottom prices.

E. G. JOHNS & CO.

Gaetz Ave. N., Red Deer.
Furniture Rugs Linoleums

JACK FULTON'S

WEEKLY MEN'S WEAR NEWS

CHOOSE WISELY

In selecting your Clothing, the penalty of a wrong Choice is very severe. Make your selection in a Shop where your individuality is given consideration. You'll appear better, feel better, and secure better value in every way.

"THE GOOD CLOTHES CORNER"